

Daily Sentinel.

W. R. NELSON, A. E. MORRIS,
PUBLISHERS.

OFFICIAL PAPER—CITY AND COUNTY

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THE "SENTINEL"

Has the Largest Bona Fide Circulation of Any Daily Paper in the State, outside of Indianapolis. Advertisers and Others are Invited to Call at this Office and Verify this Assertion.

"THE SENTINEL'S" PLATFORM.

No single member of the council will be permitted to "run" this enterprise to suit himself, or to bulldoze the council or the board of water works trustees, nor will he be permitted to gratify his personal malice at the expense of the people. That might just as well be understood now as hereafter.

In a well considered article the *Gazette* truly says that "the question of steam or water power is one to be settled in the future." We agree with the *Gazette* on that point.

We print elsewhere a card from the Hon. JESSE L. WILLIAMS, who calls attention to the fact that the interest on the original cost of water power must be considered in computing the cost of steam and water power.

It is the tax payers and not the council who are proposing to build water works. The council and water works trustees are the agents of the people and it is expected that they will move in every way as though it was their personal enterprise, using the same judgment and economy as they do in their own business.

A FARMER proposes to buy a pair of blankets, and goes to his dry goods store. The merchant shows him two pairs, one made by a French, and the other by a New England manufacturer. The quality of the blankets is the same and there is no difference in their real value, yet the merchant offers the French blankets for \$2.50, while for the American he wants \$5. The difference in price naturally induces the farmer to select the French blankets, but the merchant reminds him that there is a duty to pay of 125 percent on the value, amounting to \$3.12, making the cost to the farmer \$5.62. "But," says the farmer, "What does this tax mean? I am willing to pay my share of taxes and I wouldn't complain at a tariff of sixty-two cents (25 percent) although that would be unfair, but to tax me \$3.12 on a pair of blankets worth only \$2.50, is outrageous. Why, I had better take the American blankets at \$5, and then the government will get nothing." "Exactly," says the merchant, "That is just what Uncle Sam intends that you shall do. The purpose of the tariff is not to make revenue for the government, but to compel you to support home manufacturers." Bad as a protective tariff is in theory, it is still worse in practice.

THE QUESTION OF POWER.

THE SENTINEL has no desire to influence or prejudice public opinion on the subject of power for water works, but does insist, in the interest of the tax-payers of this city, that nothing be done hastily or without careful investigation. At Lafayette and Toledo such mistakes were made in the construction of water works at the outset as to materially increase their cost. Very much stress is laid by some active opponents to water for power on the fact that Mr. Cook does not advise the use of water power. We do not wish to detract one particle from the good opinion that our citizens generally have of Mr. Cook and the respect they entertain for his opinions, but that Mr. COOK and Mr. LANE, the latter regarded as the leading hydraulic engineer of the country, both made serious mistakes of judgment at Toledo is certain, since the actual cost of the works exceeded several times the estimated cost as given by these gentlemen. We do not understand that the citizens of Toledo blame either Mr. COOK or Mr. LANE, or that their reputations as engineers have suffered thereby, but we mention the fact to show that even civil engineers are fallible. Mr. WILLIAMS too, another engineer of reputation, when engineer of the Wabash and Erie Canal, published a number of pamphlets and circulars to show the saving to the city in the construction and operation of water works by the employment of water power for pumping, and very urgently demand-

ed that the city then purchase the canal for that purpose. He now confesses his mistake, and says that the city would have made a great blunder had it adopted his suggestion. Comparatively trifling things frequently influence the judgment of the very best men. It is possible that Mr. WILLIAMS, then in the employ of the bondholders of the canal, having for years been guarding their interests naturally and perhaps properly, when it became necessary to sell the canal saw in it a valuable water power to the city, and in the city a desirable customer for his employers. When, however, the property passed from their hands, and he had no interest in the sale, but did in the purchase, he could consider its value without prejudice. There are persons who have attributed Mr. WILLIAMS's sudden change of views to a disappointment in not having been invited to become one of the purchasers of the canal at the sale, but we give him credit for honesty of purpose, and admit that most men situated as was Mr. WILLIAMS at that time would have advised the city just as he did.

The canal has been made a great bugaboo in the discussion of water works, and it is undoubtedly true that there has been such a prejudice raised against its use or purchase for water works purposes, that it would require more courage than the average councilman has to even consent to an estimate being made of the comparative cost of steam or water power. Mr. HETTLER, Mr. WILLIAMS and Mr. PAGE have so industriously cried "ring," "stealing," "swindling," etc., that we are disposed to believe that they really think that there is some money being made by somebody.

Now let us look at the real facts. The city of Fort Wayne proposes to build water works. It is alleged the chief expense in the operating of water works, is the cost of maintaining power for pumping. It is claimed that in the cities of Logansport and South Bend—cities smaller in size than Fort Wayne—the cost of operating the works is inconsiderable, because they use water power. There is in the city of Fort Wayne a water power which is equal, for the purpose, to either the Logansport or South Bend power, and it is said that it can be rented or purchased. This power is owned by two citizens of Fort Wayne, Mr. BASS and Mr. SIMONE, and we have never heard it claimed that they have ever swindled anybody or stolen anything. If, however, they have, it does not alter the position of the SENTINEL. We are not trying to assist the owners of the canal in making the sale, but we do insist that the council and water works commissioners, before they permanently adopt steam for power, have a careful estimate made of the comparative cost of the two kinds of power, and if it should result that water power can be used with greater economy than steam then it would be the duty of the council and commissioners in the interest of the tax-payers to employ that power, regardless of the howls of interested individuals who are governed purely by malice, and care nothing for the public good.

NEWS NOTES.

Gathered from the Wires and the Mail.

Col. Wines, the missing New York journalist, is still missing.

A fire at Canton, Miss., destroyed \$30,000 worth of property; insurance only \$1,000.

Counterfeit one dollar bills on the National Eagle Bank of Boston, are in circulation.

Trains on the Grand Trunk Railroad are running again. The difference between the employees and the government have been submitted to arbitration.

The directors of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad on Thursday passed a resolution authorizing the purchase of the controlling interest in the Chicago and Canada Southern road, at a cost not exceeding \$750,000.

The strike in the brick yards in Chicago was principally on the west side. The demand was for an advance of 25 cents per day, which was acceded to. Yesterday they struck for 20 cents more, which will make the wages \$2.50. About 300 hands are engaged in the strike. Several yards have suspended in consequence. No violence is anticipated.

It appears that the party of colored men who passed through East St. Louis Wednesday night was got up by the merchants and planters of different places in Mississippi with a view of giving such negroes as wish to emigrate to Kansas an opportunity to go there, judge of the country themselves and if they like it stay. Their expenses of the trip being scarcely more than nominal it seems many planters apprehend that after the present cotton crop is picked there will be an extensive exodus of negroes from the south. Some of them, therefore got up this excursion under the belief that representative colored men who might go on it would be disappointed with Kansas and return, and that their unfavorable accounts would have a strong influence upon the negroes generally, and prevent any extensive migratory movement. Quite a large number of whites, who took advantage of the cheap rates obtained, also joined the party, and a considerable number of them have gone on to Kansas.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

The Servian boundary question has been settled.

The tone of the newspapers in Athens is becoming warlike.

The specie in the Bank of France increased 275,000 the past week.

A severe famine prevails in the district of Nertschinsk, Siberia.

A Willicza (Poland) coal mine has caved in, destroying many houses.

The Bank of Bengal increased the rate of interest and discount 5 to 6 per cent.

Sixty-five communists at New Calcedonia have been pardoned by President Grevy.

Cettywayo is anxious to surrender, but wishes his life assured. This has been promised him.

Henry M. Stanley arrived at Sierra Leone on the 12th of July, and started for the river Congo.

New York Cubans are collecting funds to renew the struggle for the independence of the island of Cuba.

A Pesth dispatch says the ministry of war have resolved not to occupy the district of Novi Bazar this year.

In the recent fire at Sarajevo, 1,478 houses were burned and 46 soldiers killed. The loss amounts to 50,000,000 florins.

Several fires, some incendiary, are reported in the provinces. In one case thirty houses were destroyed and thirty-four persons perished.

The health and strength of the pope have visibly declined. His physicians insist on an immediate change of air, but the pope refuses at present to change location.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent believes the ultramontanes will emerge much weaker from the elections, owing to their support of Prince Bismarck's economic policy.

Three well known lawyers have been arrested at St. Petersburg, charged with being implicated in the assault on Lieut. Gen. Dretelov. One of them, Bardofski, has become insane.

The house of commons finally passed the bill enabling banks of unlimited liability to become banks of limited liability, and authorizing such banks to increase the nominal value of their shares.

Gen. Von Manteuffel will be appointed commander-in-chief of all the troops in Alsace-Lorraine. It is contrary to custom and military tradition for a marshal to be appointed chief of an army corps.

The house of lords adopted the commons amendment to the Irish university bill making provisions for fellowships, scholarships and other ordinary endowments similar to those of the London university.

A French newspaper says De Lesseps has received proposals from respectable American quarters, offering to take up shares in the Panama Canal if the enterprise is not subscribed for in France. Negotiations are proceeding.

The house of commons committed Ches. Grim to Newgate prison till expiration of parliament, for evading the warrant of the speaker for his arrest. He will be liable to arrest at the next session on the original charge.

A dispatch from South Africa, dated Port Drumford, July 22nd, says Cettywayo made another effort to-day to ascertain whether his liberty would be granted him if he submitted. He said he had been completely deserted by his warriors.

Chili loses over \$1,000,000 by the recent raid of the Peruvian war-ship Casaca. Calanca has been evacuated by the Chileans and all their forces concentrated at Buttoffanga, preparatory, it is said, to a descent upon the Peruvian coast. Business in Peru and on the whole coast is utterly demoralized.

The Spanish minister of foreign affairs has demanded an explanation from the Mexican government, respecting the recent assassination of Spanish subjects in Mexico. It is stated Spain intends to demand payment of indemnity to the families of the deceased and punishment of the assassins.

The Post London correspondent reports that the high church party No. 1, has resolved to make a fresh attempt to upset the present legislation in respect to the marriage laws. The matter will be brought in the general synod, when an effort will be made to repeal the act making civil marriages obligatory.

Two of the principal cotton manufacturing firms of the Dalc district, Glasgow, have given notice of a 5 percent reduction, 20 percent reduction since the beginning of the depression. There are no mills running on full time. It is feared the rest of the mills running four days a week will begin operations on the lowest conditions. In consequence of the American demand, several large iron districts in the kingdom are showing unmistakable signs of revival.

The London Times's financial article says it is not possible to say decidedly what caused the slightly increased firmness of the money market on Tuesday. It is ascribed in some quarters to apprehensions that large quantities of gold may be withdrawn from the Bank of England for New York, but it would take a most notable demand to deplete both our stores and those of the Bank of France, still the effect of such withdrawal would be much more marked now than in ordinary times. Many farmers now employ very limited credit. Banks will not lend freely, and a very slight extra demand necessarily reacts on the market in an exaggerated fashion. Everything is stagnant, and to all appearances may remain so for some weeks to come. The prices of silver are nominal. It is believed business could be readily effected on Austrian account at 54 cents per ounce, but should any Indian demand arise, the price would probably go still higher; and according to the latest quotation of the Indian council bill, 52 cents per ounce would be nearly represent the value of bar silver.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Destructive Storm in Connecticut—Safe Blowers Get Their Work In Again at Chicago—A New York Woman Strangled by Reading of the Hall Murder—\$40,000 Worth of Greased Lightning at Parker, Pa.

Halifax, Aug. 14.—David Gates, of Margareville, killed his wife and then drowned himself.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 14.—A violent hail, wind and rain storm severely damaged the tobacco crop around Windsor. Several acres were entirely destroyed.

New York, Aug. 14.—The Tribune's Washington special says it is stated that Mrs. Chisholm intends to go south next month with her son to testify against the assassins of her husband.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Safe blowers entered the office of the Union Rolling Mills last night, while the mills were in operation, and opened five burglar proof safes, securing \$5,000 in cash.

New York, Aug. 14.—John Moran, the alleged river-thief, who was shot by Capt. Somers of the schooner Wm. Vanname, July 29th, while attempting to force an entrance into the cabin of the vessel, died last night.

Delphos, Aug. 14.—George Byrum, a young man working in the Pittsburgh keg and barrel factory, had his leg sawed off close to his body this morning, while engaged in running a hoop saw. Death resulted this afternoon. He was unmarried.

Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 14.—By a serious gas explosion in the Sheridan House last night, Mr. Bley, the proprietor, was badly burned. He may recover. The building was badly damaged. The explosion was caused by lighting a match in the generating room.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 14.—A man named Owen snapped a pistol at a man named Dudley, at Benton, on Tuesday, because the latter refused to give an explanation about a trivial matter. Dudley in return shot Owen four times, cut his throat and stamped on his head till he was dead.

Peoria, Ills., Aug. 14.—The Diamond mill burned yesterday morning for the fifth time. It was occupied by Allaine, Woodward & Co., manufacturing chemists, and Smith & Strong, manufacturers of baking powder and flavoring extracts. Insured in various eastern companies for \$17,000. Loss not stated.

New York, Aug. 14.—There is a great deal of excitement at McKeesport, in this county, over the disappearance of the treasurer of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of that place, James F. McMullen. His accounts are alleged to show a deficit of \$15,000. He leaves behind a wife and five children.

Detroit, Aug. 14.—The body of the boy James Orr, missing from the steamer Steinbock, was found this afternoon. It seems he escaped from the burning steamer and retreated along the wharf to a high fence, next to a coal yard, where, crouching in a corner to avoid the intense heat, the burning fence gave way and precipitated a large mass of coal on him, causing death from suffocation.

New York, Aug. 14.—An inquest is to be held in a few days over the body of Catherine Davis, aged twenty-five years, who became deranged from reading of the Hall murder, and on the 20th of July jumped from her bedroom window, imagining there were burglars in the house. She received injuries from which she died last Friday. She resided on Twenty-fourth street, with her husband and three children.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 14.—Harry Locke, a tramp, has been arrested, charged with placing a tie on the track of the Lake Shore Railroad with intent to throw off the passenger train. The engineer of the western bound freight discovered the obstruction and removed it in time to save the passenger train. Locke confesses the crime, and gives as a reason therefor that he was out of funds, tired of life, and desired imprisonment to prevent starvation.

Trenton, Aug. 14.—Last Tuesday, Mrs. Caleb Shirine, of Bordentown, while driving to this city with her husband was fatally burned by her clothing taking fire from a cigar her husband was smoking. When she jumped from the carriage, which action served to fan the small flame into a blaze. Her husband quickly sprang to her assistance and succeeded in extinguishing the flames but not before his wife was badly burned about her limbs and back.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 14.—A special from Parker, Pa., says this morning at 5 o'clock lightning struck the iron tank No. 300, belonging to William M. Moonbath, of Pittsburgh, and containing 1,800 barrels of oil. The tank was torn to pieces and the burning oil was sent down the hill, destroying the oil wells and five dwelling houses, and communicating to a tank containing 5,000 barrels of oil, belonging to L. R. Brown, which, together with the loading rack of the United Pipe Line, was destroyed. Total loss, \$40,000.

Columbianna, O., Aug. 14.—Some time during the month of June last, Page county bank at Luran, Va., closed its doors. In a few days after B. F. Grayson, jr., assistant cashier, was missing. The defalcation amounted to over \$14,000 to \$19,000. He is now under arrest awaiting the issue of the proper papers to take him back to Virginia. He has been in the neighborhood for the past six weeks, and came to town this morning to take the train west. David Strickley, formerly of Page county, recognized him and had him arrested.

Boston, Aug. 14.—A fire broke out to-night in the rear portion of the roof of the Tremont temple, adjoining the rear of the Parker House. The blaze soon assumed the proportions of an extensive conflagration, and this

proximity to the Parker House caused great alarm among the guests, nearly all of whom had retired, but who made rapidly ready for speedy exit. Beyond a slight scorching of the walls in the rear portions of the hotel, no damage was done. Loss on temple, owned by the American Bible Society, estimated at \$100,000 to \$200,000. Several firemen were injured by falling walls.

Philadelphia, Aug. 14.—A collision occurred on the Atlantic City Narrow Gauge Railroad, this afternoon, between an excursion train of nine cars and a freight train from Atlantic City, and resulted in the death of five persons and slight injury to two others. The freight train expected to reach Clementon in time to allow the excursion train to pass, but when nearing Clementon the trains came in sight, and the engineers whistled down brakes. The freight train slowed up considerably, but the excursion train was going at a rate of about fifteen miles an hour when the trains came together. The freight train was partly thrown over an embankment, but the excursion train remained on the track. The engineers and firemen, finding a collision inevitable, saved themselves by leaping from the engines. When the whistles blew the conductor on the excursion train rushed to one brake and the two brakemen to others, and they were jammed to death in the collision, together with a deaf mute and a passenger standing upon the platform. The passengers in the cars were not injured, except two, slightly. The 300 passengers, men, women and children, were taken from the cars through the windows. Some continued their trip to the seaside, but a far greater number returned home. The bodies of the dead were taken to Camden, where an inquest will be held. The cause of the calamity appears to have been gross carelessness on the part of the Camden officers of the road. The train orders sent the freight conductor were so worded that they were misconstrued. The following are the names of the killed: Conductor A. E. Worthington, Brakeman E. Wood, Jacob Dugliu, news agent, S. Smith and Charles Schulz, a deaf mute.

St. Louis, Aug. 14.—A cold-blooded and most atrocious double murder was committed here to-night. Thaddeus Barber, a plumber, who keeps a small shop on the corner of Sixth and Poplar streets, and who lives with a family consisting of his wife, a little boy about seven years old, and the wife's mother, an old German woman named Schouder, at 817 South Fourth street, quarrelled with his wife four or five days ago and left home. About half past 7 o'clock to-night he returned and slipped into the house, and while his mother-in-law sat reading (his wife was lying on a bed in the same room), he fired a bullet into Mrs. Schouder's brain, killing her almost instantly, and then shot his wife through the left breast, inflicting a mortal wound. He then left home, but was arrested a few minutes later and locked up. Aside from the fact that Mrs. Barber was very weak from the effects of the injury received, she was extremely reticent and would give no particulars of the affair or tell what the quarrel between her and her husband was about. She was sent to the hospital.

Barber has made a statement since his arrest, to the effect that he formerly lived in Richmond, Va.; that the young woman he shot to-night is not his wife, but he has lived with her off and on for several years; that he wished to marry her, but the old woman (her mother) would not consent; that the old woman forced her daughter to prostitute herself for money as a source of revenue, and that she was vicious and vile; that when he left the house a few days ago, it was in consequence of a quarrel with Mrs. Schouder about her daughter, he wishing to marry the latter, but the old woman refused to give her consent; that he went to the house to-night under the impression that a man was there with the daughter, and if so, he wanted to know it; that when he entered the room in which the women were, Mrs. Schouder drew a pistol on him and he shot her; that he did not intend to shoot the daughter; but after the first shot was fired he heard a noise in the adjoining room, the door of which opened, and thinking he saw a man he raised his pistol hastily to defend himself, when it was discharged unintentionally, the ball striking the young woman in the breast as above stated. He regrets this part of the affair very much, but rather glories over the killing of the old woman, and says he is willing to hang for it. The child mentioned above is now said not to belong to either Barber or the young woman.

SPORTING NOTES.

Base ball: Stars 4, Boston 0; Chicago 5, Clevealand 4.

In the archery contest which has just closed at Chicago, the ladies' championship medal was won by Mrs. Spaulding Brown, of Hastings, Mich. The gent's championship was won by W. H. Thompson, of Crawfordsville, Ind.

Hillsdale regatta: Distance, all races 11 miles, straightaway. Junior single, Harry Ball, Detroit; time, 8:48. Senior single, W. B. Wells, Detroit; time, 8:31. Junior double, Hillsdales, Van Valkenburgh and Terwilliger; time, 8:09. Senior double, Van Valkenburgh and Terwilliger; time, 7:47. Junior fours, Bawbace, of Hillsdale; time, 7:43. Senior fours, Hillsdales; time, 7:03. Barge, Bawbace, of Hillsdale; time, 3:31. Tub race, G. T. Muchmore, Chicago.

Longer, Its Cause and Remedy.

The cause of longer, when it is not the immediate or indirect consequence of positive disease, is traceable to a debilitating temperature. Persons living in a warm, moist climate are peculiarly subject to it. Diminished physical vigor and an indisposition to induce exertion are characteristic. Sometimes it is accompanied by undue relaxation of the bowels, and by dyspeptic or bilious symptoms. A reliable remedy is Foster's Stomach Bitters, a strengthening and astringent, derived from the purest and most effective vegetable sources, with a pure spirituous basis, pronounced by eminent physicians a mild and wholesome stimulant. The Bitters, foremost of American tonics, is largely used in the tropics, where the climate is very prore of debility, malarial fevers and disorders of the bowels, liver and digestive organs.

No Good Preaching.

No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a law suit, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See other column.

Other Rakoczy Bitter Water is a natural mineral water, bottled at the springs in Hungary, and imported into the United States in large quantities. It contains medical properties of a high order, and when taken in doses of a wine-glass full in the morning it will be found highly beneficial in the cure of female diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Habitual Costiveness. For sale by all druggists.

ROGUS CERTIFICATE.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, etc., and puffed up by long bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the best and purest of medicines. See "Truths" and "Proverbs" in another column.

force. Farley had previously resigned. Irving tendered his services to Judge Hilton when the search for Stewart's body began, but his help was soon dispensed with.

Judge Hilton does not say that Stewart's body has not been recovered, and will not be seen by reporters now. Four men are on guard at the Stewart cathedral crypt at Garden City, Long Island, and a gentleman of position in the city is reported as saying, "It is hard to say positively how far negotiations have gone with the Stewart grave robbers, but I feel pretty certain the transfer of the body has already been effected, and that Judge Hilton has it safe at the present moment."

BILL ENGLISH.

A Leading Indiana Politician in a Bad scrape.

An Indianapolis lawyer, named Wm. E. English, found himself a prisoner in the Tombs police court in New York on Wednesday. English attempted to shoot his rival to the love of a variety actress whom he came on to New York to see. The rival fled and a policeman took the Indianapolis lawyer in 'out of the night air. Three years ago a variety troupe visited Indianapolis, and English became smitten with one of its members known as Annie Fox, a serio-comic singer, the widow of Ned Fox, the negro specialist, and when the troupe went on their travels he followed her through the towns of the adjacent country, and has kept up a correspondence ever since.

About three weeks ago English heard that the woman was in New York. He wrote her a letter, which she answered. In the meantime she had become acquainted with a "song and dance" man named Willis Clark. A few days ago Annie was married to Willis Clark at St. Patrick's Cathedral in that city. The day she was married she sent a letter to English, telling him of her wedding. A few days after he received a telegram from him saying that he was coming to New York. Three days after he arrived, and the next day called upon the newly married couple and asked to see Mrs. Clark alone. Mrs. Clark granted the interview. The scene, as told by Mrs. Clark afterward, was a very affecting one. He begged her to leave her husband and fly with him. She refused, saying she was content with her lot and begged him not to think of her again. On Tuesday English sent another note to Mrs. Clark, requesting her to meet him. She replied that she could not be seen except when with her husband. On Tuesday night he went to Harry Miner's theater in the Bowery, where Mr. Clark was playing, and sat until the performance was over. Then he waited outside, but she came out leaning upon her husband's arm. English followed. When near Bleeker street he passed them and stopped at the corner till they came up to him. "There he is now," said Mrs. Clark. Clark then withdrew his wife's arm from his own. At that movement English drew his revolver and pointed it at Clark. Mrs. Clark seized English's arm, saying: "Billy, don't shoot." Clark, who was unarmed, turned and ran down the Bowery. Officer Kerahan, hearing the screams of the woman, arrested English and he was taken to the police court and fined \$5.00 and costs. He will probably now return home.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

For the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indigestion or excess. Any Druggist or the Proprietor, Dr. J. C. Davis, 101 Nassau St., New York.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, such as nervousness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City.

The Forest and Best Medicine ever made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandarilla, and Benedictine, with all the best and most carefully prepared of all other medicines, has been discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City.

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TO EXAMINE THE

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—OF—

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Mrs. May McGowan

The Original and Leading

HAIR DRESSER AND

PRACTICAL WIG MAKER

Of Fort Wayne.

The attention of the ladies of Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana is called to the fact that Mrs. McGowan, at the Old STAND, No. 33 East Main Street, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hair, is still outstripping all would-be rivals.

Mrs. McGowan's work speaks for itself. She desires, however, to call attention to several important facts:

1st. She imports herself all the novelties and original styles. She does not copy from other dealers.

2nd. She introduced in this city the "Garage Waves," "Frisettes" and other novelties in hair goods, and is the only person making them.

3rd. She supervises all work herself, employs no gentlemen, guarantees all work, and sells goods at moderate prices.

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W. E. NELSON, S. E. MORRIS,
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THE "SENTINEL"

Has the Largest Bona Fide Circulation of Any Daily Paper in the State, outside of Indianapolis. Advertisers and Others are Invited to Call at this Office and Verify this Assertion.

"THE SENTINEL'S" PLATFORM.

No single member of the council will be permitted to "run" this enterprise to suit himself, or to bulldoze the council or the board of water works trustees, nor will he be permitted to gratify his personal malice at the expense of the people. That might just as well be understood now as hereafter.

In a well considered article the *Gazette* truly says that "the question of steam or water power is one to be settled in the future." We agree with the *Gazette* on that point.

We print elsewhere a card from the Hon. JESSE L. WILLIAMS, who calls attention to the fact that the interest on the original cost of water power must be considered in computing the cost of steam and water power.

It is the tax payers and not the council who are proposing to build water works. The council and water works trustees are the agents of the people and it is expected that they will move in every way as though it was their personal enterprise, using the same judgment and economy as they do in their own business.

A FARMER proposes to buy a pair of blankets, and goes to his dry goods store. The merchant shows him two pairs, one made by a French, and the other by a New England manufacturer. The quality of the blankets is the same and there is no difference in their real value, yet the merchant offers the French blankets for \$2.50, while for the American he wants \$5. The difference in price naturally induces the farmer to select the French blankets, but the merchant reminds him that there is a duty to pay of 125 percent on the value, amounting to \$3.12, making the cost to the farmer \$5.62. "But," says the farmer, "What does this tax mean? I am willing to pay my share of taxes and I wouldn't complain at a tariff of sixty-two cents (26 percent) although that would be unfair, but to tax me \$3.12 on a pair of blankets worth only \$2.50, is outrageous. Why, I had better take the American blankets at \$5, and then the government will get nothing." "Exactly," says the merchant, "That is just what Uncle Sam intends that you shall do. The purpose of the tariff is not to make revenue for the government, but to compel you to support home manufacturers." Bad as a protective tariff is in theory, it is still worse in practice.

THE QUESTION OF POWER.

THE SENTINEL has no desire to influence or prejudice public opinion on the subject of power for water works, but does insist, in the interest of the tax-payers of this city, that nothing be done hastily or without careful investigation. At Lafayette and Toledo such mistakes were made in the construction of water works at the outset as to materially increase their cost. Very much stress is laid by some active opponents to water power on the fact that Mr. COOK does not advise the use of water power. We do not wish to detract one particle from the good opinion that our citizens generally have of Mr. COOK and the respect they entertain for his opinions, but that Mr. COOK and Mr. LANE, the latter regarded as the leading hydraulic engineer of the country, both made serious mistakes of judgment at Toledo is certain, since the actual cost of the works exceeded several times the estimated cost as given by these gentlemen. We do not understand that the citizens of Toledo blame either Mr. COOK or Mr. LANE, or that their reputations as engineers have suffered thereby, but we mention the fact to show that even civil engineers are fallible. Mr. WILLIAMS too, another engineer of reputation, when engineer of the Wabash and Erie Canal, published a number of pamphlets and circulars to show the saving to the city in the construction and operation of water works by the employment of water power for pumping, and very urgently demand-

ed that the city then purchase the canal for that purpose. He now confesses his mistake, and says that the city would have made a great blunder had it adopted his suggestion. Comparatively trifling things frequently influence the judgment of the very best men. It is possible that Mr. WILLIAMS, then in the employ of the bondholders of the canal, having for years been guarding their interests naturally and perhaps properly, when it became necessary to sell the canal saw in it a valuable water power to the city, and in the city a desirable customer for his employers. When, however, the property passed from their hands, and he had no interest in the sale, but did in the purchase, he could consider its value without prejudice. There are persons who have attributed Mr. WILLIAMS's sudden change of views to a disappointment in not having been invited to become one of the purchasers of the canal at the sale, but we give him credit for honesty of purpose, and admit that most men situated as was Mr. WILLIAMS at that time would have advised the city just as he did.

The canal has been made a great bugaboo in the discussion of water works, and it is undoubtedly true that there has been such a prejudice raised against its use or purchase for water works purposes, that it would require more courage than the average councilman has to even consent to an estimate being made of the comparative cost of steam or water power. Mr. HETTLER, Mr. WILLIAMS and Mr. PAGE have so industriously cried "ring," "stealing," "swindling," etc., that we are disposed to believe that they really think that there is some money being made by somebody.

Now let us look at the real facts. The city of Fort Wayne proposes to build water works. It is alleged the chief expense in the operating of water works, is the cost of maintaining power for pumping. It is claimed that in the cities of Logansport and South Bend—cities smaller in size than Fort Wayne—the cost of operating the works is inconsiderable, because they use water power. There is in the city of Fort Wayne a water power which is equal, for the purpose, to either the Logansport or South Bend power, and it is said that it can be rented or purchased. This power is owned by two citizens of Fort Wayne, Mr. BASS and Mr. SIMONS, and we have never heard it claimed that they have ever swindled anybody or stolen anything. If, however, they have, it does not alter the position of the SENTINEL. We are not trying to assist the owners of the canal in making the sale, but we do insist that the council and water works commissioners, before they permanently adopt steam for power, have a careful estimate made of the comparative cost of the two kinds of power, and if it should result that water power can be used with greater economy than steam then it would be the duty of the council and commissioners in the interest of the tax-payers to employ that power, regardless of the howls of interested individuals who are governed purely by malice, and care nothing for the public good.

NEWS NOTES.

Gathered from the Wires and the Mails.

Col. Wines, the missing New York journalist, is still missing.

A fire at Canton, Miss., destroyed \$30,000 worth of property; insurance only \$1,000.

Counterfeit one dollar bills on the National Eagle Bank of Boston, are in circulation.

Trains on the Grand Trunk Railroad are running again. The difference between the employees and the government have been submitted to arbitration.

The directors of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad on Thursday passed a resolution authorizing the purchase of the controlling interest in the Chicago and Canada Southern road, at a cost not exceeding \$750,000.

The strike in the brick yards in Chicago was principally on the west side. The demand was for an advance of 25 cents per day, which was acceded to. Yesterday they struck for 20 cents more, which will make the wages \$2.50. About 300 hands are engaged in the strike. Several yards have suspended in consequence. No violence is anticipated.

It appears that the party of colored men who passed through East St. Louis Wednesday night was got up by the merchants and planters of different places in Mississippi with a view of giving such negroes as wish to emigrate to Kansas an opportunity to go there, judge of the country themselves and if they like it stay. They expenses of the trip being scarcely more than nominal it seems many planters apprehend that after the present cotton crop is picked there will be an extensive exodus of negroes from the south. Some of them, therefore got up this excursion under the belief that representative colored men who might go on it would be disappointed with Kansas and return, and that their unfavorable accounts would have a strong influence upon the negroes generally, and prevent any extensive migratory movement. Quite a large number of whites, who took advantage of the cheap rates obtained, also joined the party, and a considerable number of them have gone on to Kansas.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

The Serbian boundary question has been settled.

The tone of the newspapers in Athens is becoming warlike.

The specie in the Bank of France increased 278,000 the past week.

A severe famine prevails in the district of Neretchinsk, Siberia.

A Wilkeza (Poland) coal mine has caved in, destroying many houses.

The Bank of Bengal increased the rate of interest and discount 5 to 6 percent.

Sixty-five communists at New Calcutta have been pardoned by President Grey.

Cettywayo is anxious to surrender, but wishes his life assured. This has been promised him.

Henry M. Stanley arrived at Sierra Leone on the 12th of July, and started for the river Congo.

New York Cubans are collecting funds to renew the struggle for the independence of the island of Cuba.

A Pest dispatch says the ministry of war have resolved not to occupy the district of Novi Bazar this year.

In the recent fire at Sarajevo, 1,476 houses were burned and 46 soldiers killed. The loss amounts to 50,000,000 florins.

Several fires, some incendiary, are reported from the province of In.

case thirty houses were destroyed and thirty-four persons perished.

The health and strength of the pope have visibly declined. Physicians insist on an immediate change of air, but the pope refuses at present to change locations.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent believes the ultramontanes will emerge much weaker from the elections, owing to their support of Prince Bismarck's economic policy.

Three well known lawyers have been arrested at St. Petersburg, charged with being implicated in the assault on Lieut. Gen. Dreutelon.

One of them, Bardofski, has become insane.

The house of commons finally passed the bill enabling banks of unlimited liability to become banks of limited liability, and authorizing such banks to increase the nominal value of their shares.

Gen. Von Manteuffel will be appointed commander-in-chief of all the troops in Alsace-Lorraine. It is contrary to custom and military tradition for a marshal to be appointed chief of an army corps.

The house of lords adopted the commons amendment to the Irish university bill making provisions for fellowships, scholarships and other ordinary endowments similar to those of the London university.

A French newspaper says De Lesseps has received proposals from respectable American quarters, offering to take up shares in the Panama Canal if the enterprise is not subscribed for in France. Negotiations are proceeding.

The house of commons committed Chas. Grim to Newgate prison till proclamation of parliament, for evading the warrant of the speaker for his arrest. He will be liable to arrest at the next session on the original charge.

A dispatch from South Africa dated Port Drummond, July 22nd, says Cettywayo made another effort to-day to ascertain whether his liberty would be granted him if he submitted. He said he had been completely deserted by his warriors.

Chili loses over \$1,000,000 by the recent raid of the Peruvian war-ship Unscar. Calanea has been evacuated by the Chileans and all their forces concentrated at Buttofarta, preparatory, it is said, to a descent upon the Peruvian coast. Business in Peru and on the whole coast is utterly demoralized.

The Spanish minister of foreign affairs has demanded an explanation from the Mexican government, respecting the recent assassination of Spanish subjects in Mexico. It is stated Spain intends to demand payment of indemnity to the families of the deceased and punishment of the assassins.

The Post London correspondent reports that the high church party No. 1, has resolved to make a fresh attempt to upset the present legislation in respect to the marriage laws. The matter will be broached in the general synod, when an effort will be made to repeal the act making civil marriages obligatory.

Two of the principal cotton manufacturing firms of the Dale district, Glasgow, have given notice of a 5 percent reduction, 20 percent reduction since the beginning of the depression.

There are no mills running on full time. It is feared the rest of the mills running four days a week will begin operations on the lowest conditions. In consequence of the American demand, every large iron district in the kingdom is showing unmistakable signs of revival.

The London Times's financial article says it is not possible to say decidedly what caused the slightly increased firmness of the money market on Tuesday. It is ascribed in some quarters to apprehensions that large quantities of gold may be withdrawn from the Bank of England for New York, but it would take a most notable demand to deplete both our stores and those of the Bank of France, still the effect of such withdrawal would be much more marked now than in ordinary times. Many farmers now employ very limited credit. Banks will not demand necessarily reacts on the market. It is an exaggerated fashion. Everything is stagnant, and to all appearances may remain so for some weeks to come. The prices of silver are nominal. It is believed business could be readily effected on Austrian account at 51 1/2 cents per ounce, but should any Indian demand arise, the price would probably go still higher; and according to the last quotation of the Indian council bill, 52 cents per ounce would more nearly represent the value of bar silver.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Constructive Storm in Connecticut—Safe Blowers Got Their Work In Again at Chicago—A New York Woman Craned by Reading of the Rail Murder—\$40,000 Worth of Greased Lightning at Parker, Pa.

Hallifax, Aug. 14.—David Gates, of Margareville, killed his wife and then drowned himself.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 14.—A violent hail, wind and rain storm severely damaged the tobacco crop around Windsor. Several acres were entirely destroyed.

New York, Aug. 14.—The *Tri-bune's* Washington special says, it is stated that Mrs. Chisholm intends to go south next month, with her son, to testify against the assassins of her husband.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Safe blowers entered the office of the Union Rolling Mills last night, while the mills were in operation, and opened five burglar proof safes, securing \$5,000 in cash.

New York, Aug. 14.—John Moran, the alleged river-thief, who was shot by Capt. Somers of the schooner W. n. south next month, while attempting to force an entrance into the cabin of the vessel, died last night.

Delphos, Aug. 14.—George Byrum, a young man working in the Pittsburgh keg and barrel factory, had his leg sawed off close to his body this morning, while engaged in running a hoop saw. Death resulted this afternoon. He was unmarried.

Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 14.—By a serious gas explosion in the Sheridan House last night, Mr. Bley, the proprietor, was badly burned. He may recover. The building was badly damaged. The explosion was caused by lighting a match in the generating room.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 14.—A man named Owen snapped a pistol at a man named Dudley, at Benton, on Tuesday, because the latter refused to give an explanation about a trivial matter. Dudley in return shot Owen four times, cut his throat and stamped on his head till he was dead.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 14.—The Diamond mill burned yesterday morning for the fifth time. It was occupied by Allaine, Woodward & Co., manufacturing chemists, and Smith & Strong, manufacturers of baking powder and flavoring extracts. Insured in various eastern companies for \$17,000. Loss not stated.

New York, Aug. 14.—There is a great deal of excitement at McKeesport, in this county, over the disappearance of the treasurer of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of that place, James F. McMillen. His accounts are alleged to show a deficit of \$15,000. He leaves behind a wife and five children.

Detroit, Aug. 14.—The body of the boy James Orr, missing from the steamer Steinhoff, was found this afternoon. It seems he escaped from the burning steamer and retreated along the wharf to a high fence, next to a coal yard, where, crouching in a corner to avoid the intense heat, the burning fence gave way and he precipitated a large mass of coal on him, causing death from suffocation.

New York, Aug. 14.—An inquest is to be held in a few days over the body of Catherine Davis, aged twenty-five years, who became deranged from reading of the Hull murder, and on the 20th of July jumped from her bedroom window, imagining there were burglars in the house. She received injuries from which she died last Friday. She resided on Twenty-fourth street, with her husband and three children.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 14.—Harry Locke, a tramp, has been arrested, charged with placing a tie on the track of the Lake Shore Railroad with intent to throw off the passenger train. The engineer of the western bound freight discovered the obstruction and removed it in time to save the passenger train. Locke confesses the crime, and gives as a reason therefor that he was out of funds, tired of life, and desired imprisonment to prevent starvation.

Trenton, Aug. 14.—Last Tuesday, Mrs. Caleb Shrine, of Bordentown, while driving to this city with her husband was fatally burned by her clothing taking fire from a cigar her husband, was smoking. When she noticed her dress on fire, she jumped from the carriage, which action served to fan the small flame into a blaze. Her husband quickly sprang to her assistance and succeeded in extinguishing the flames but not before his wife was badly burned about her limbs and back.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 14.—A special from Parker, Pa., says this morning at 5 o'clock lightning struck the iron tank No. 209, belonging to William M. Meenham, of Pittsburgh, and containing 1,800 barrels of oil. The tank was torn to pieces and the burning oil was sent down the hill, destroying the oil wells and five dwelling houses, and communicating to a tank containing 5,000 barrels of oil, belonging to L. R. Brown, which, together with the loading rack of the United Pipe Line, was destroyed. Total loss, \$40,000.

Columbiana, O., Aug. 14.—Some time during the month of June last, Page county bank at Luran, Va., closed its doors. In a few days after B. F. Grayson, jr., assistant cashier, was missing. The defalcation amounting now under arrest, awaiting the issue of the proper papers to take him back to Virginia. He has been in the neighborhood for the past six weeks, and came to town this morning to see the sheriff, David Strickley, formerly of Page county, recognized him and had him arrested.

Boeton, Aug. 14.—A fire broke out to-night in the rear portion of the roof of the Tremont temple, adjoining the rear of the Parker House. The blaze soon assumed the proportions of an extensive conflagration, and this

proximity to the Parker House caused great alarm among the guests, nearly all of whom had retired, but who made rapidly ready for speedy exit. Beyond a slight scorching of the walls in the rear portions of the hotel, no damage was done. Loss on temple, owned by the American Bible Society, estimated at \$100,000 to \$200,000. Several firemen were injured by falling walls.

Philadelphia, Aug. 14.—A collision occurred on the Atlantic City Narrow Gauge Railroad, this afternoon, between an excursion train of nine cars and a freight train from Atlantic City, and resulted in the death of five persons and slight injury to two others. The freight train expected to reach Clementon in time to allow the excursion train to pass, but when nearing Clementon the trains came in sight, and the engineers whistled down brakes. The freight train slowed up considerably, but the excursion train was going at a rate of about fifteen miles an hour when the trains came together. The freight train was partly thrown over an embankment, but the excursion train remained on the track. The engineers and firemen, finding a collision inevitable, saved themselves by leaping from the engines. When the whistles blew the conductor on the excursion train rushed to one brake and the two brakemen to others, and they were jammed to death in the collision together with a deaf mute and a passenger standing upon the platform. The passengers in the cars were not injured, except two, slightly. The 300 passengers, men, women and children, were taken from the cars through the windows. Some continued their trip to the seaside, but a far greater number returned home. The bodies of the dead were taken to Camden, where an inquest will be held. The cause of the calamity appears to have been gross carelessness on the part of the conductor of the road. The train orders sent the freight conductor were so worded that they were misconstrued. The following are the names of the killed: Conductor A. E. Worthington, Brakeman E. Wood, Jacob Deginth, news agent, S. Smith and Charles Schual, a deaf mute.

St. Louis, Aug. 14.—A cold-blooded and most atrocious double murder was committed here to-night. Thaddeus Barber, a plumber, who keeps a small shop on the corner of Sixth and Poplar streets, and who lives with a family consisting of his wife, a little boy about seven years old, and the wife's mother, an old German woman named Schouder, at 817 South Fourth street, quarrelled with his wife four or five days ago and left home. About half past 7 o'clock to-night he returned and slipped into the house, and while his mother-in-law sat reading (his wife was lying on a bed in the same room), he fired a bullet into Mrs. Schouder's brain, killing her almost instantly, and then shot his wife through the left breast, inflicting a mortal wound. He then left home, but was arrested a few minutes later and locked up. Aside from the fact that Mrs. Barber was very weak from the effect of the injury received, she was extremely reticent and would give no particulars of the affair or tell what the quarrel between her and her husband was about. She was sent to the hospital.

Barber has made a statement since his arrest, to the effect that he formerly lived in Richmond, Va.; that the young woman he shot to-night is not his wife, but he has lived with her off and on for several years; that he wished to marry her, but the old woman (her mother) would not consent; that the old woman forced her daughter to prostitute herself for money as a source of revenue, and that she was vicious and vile; that when he left the house a few days ago, it was in consequence of a quarrel with Mrs. Schouder about her daughter, he wishing to marry the latter, but the old woman refused to give her consent; that he went to the house to-night uninvited, when it was discharged unintentionally, the ball striking the young woman in the breast as above stated. He regrets this part of the affair very much, but rather glories over the killing of the old woman, and says he is willing to hang for it. The child mentioned above is now said not to belong to either Barber or the young woman.

STEWART'S BODY.

A Full History of the Negotiations for Its Ransom—Where It Now Is.

Another, though not final chapter, must be written in the strange romance of the theft of Alexander T. Stewart's body. The negotiations begun in January last have come to naught, and the body is still in the hands of the robbers. Of the five robbers, only Henry G. Romain is known by name.

The lawyer through whom they have sought to negotiate, is Patrick H. Jones, formerly postmaster and later register of New York. The sum demanded was \$200,000. Judge Hilton refused to pay more than \$25,000, the original reward for the return of the body.

All efforts having failed to secure both the robbers and the body, Judge Hilton, on July 24th, reopened negotiations for a ransom of the body, without regard to the conviction of the thieves. These negotiations are now pending. The name of the detective, who is represented as a Jones county man, but who in reality only approached him to inform him that he was under the espionage of the police, is James Irving, formerly captain of detectives of the police force.

He was accused several years ago of complicity along with Detective Philip Farley, now of the excise office, in the Bank of England forgery, and after two trials was dismissed from the

force. Farley had previously resigned. Irving tendered his services to Judge Hilton when the search for Stewart's body began, but his help was soon dispensed with.

Judge Hilton does not say that Stewart's body has not been recovered, and will not be seen by reporters now. Four men are on guard at the Stewart cathedral crypt at Garden City, Long Island, and a gentleman of position in the city is reported as saying, "It is hard to say positively how far negotiations have gone with the Stewart grave robbers, but I feel pretty certain the transfer of the body has already been effected, and that Judge Hilton has it safe at the present moment."

BILL ENGLISH.

A Leading Indianapolis Lawyer in a Bad Shape.

An Indianapolis politician, named Wm. E. English, found himself a prisoner in the Tombs police court in New York on Wednesday. English attempted to shoot his rival to the love of a variety actress whom he came on to New York to see. The rival fled and a policeman took the Indianapolis lawyer in out of the night air. Three years ago a variety troupe visited Indianapolis, and English became smitten with one of its members, known as Annie Fox, a serio-comic singer, the widow of Ned Fox, the negro specialist, and when the troupe went on their travels he followed her through the towns of the adjacent country, and has kept up a correspondence ever since.

About three weeks ago English heard that the woman was in New York. He wrote her a letter, which she answered. In the meantime she had become acquainted with a young and dashing man named Willis Clark, a few days ago Annie was married to Willis Clark at St. Patrick's Cathedral in that city. The day she was married she sent a letter to English, telling him of her wedding. A few days after he received a telegram from him saying that he was coming to New York. Three days after he arrived, and the next day called upon the newly married couple and asked to see Mrs. Clark alone. Mrs. Clark granted the interview. The scene, as told by Mrs. Clark afterward, was a very affecting one. He begged her to leave her husband and fly with him. She refused, saying she was content with her lot and begged him not to think of her again. On Tuesday English sent another note to Mrs. Clark, requesting her to meet him. She replied that she could not be seen except when with her husband. On Tuesday night he went to Harry Miner's theater in the Bowery, where Mr. Clark was playing, and sat until the performance was over. Then he waited outside, but she came out leaning upon her husband's arm. English followed. When near Bleeker street he passed them and stopped at the corner till they came up to him. "There he is now," said Mrs. Clark. Clark then withdrew his wife's arm from his own. At that moment English drew his revolver and pointed it at Clark. Mrs. Clark seized English's arm, saying: "Billy, don't shoot." Clark, who was unarmed, turned and ran down the Bowery. Officer Kershaw, hearing the screams of the woman, arrested English and he was taken to the police court and fined \$5,000 and costs. He will probably now return home.

SPORTING NOTES.

Base ball: Stars 4, Bostons 0; Chicago 5, Cleveland 4.

In the archery contest which has just closed at Chicago, the ladies' championship medal was won by Mrs. Spaulding Brown, of Hastings, Mich. The gent's championship was won by W. H. Thompson, of Crawfordville, Ind.

Hillsdale regatta: Distance, all races 1 1/2 miles, straightaway. Junior single, Harry Ball, Detroit; time, 8:48; senior single, W. B. Wells, Detroit; time, 8:31. Junior double, Hillsdale, Van Valkenburgh and Terwilliger, time, 8:00; Junior double, Van Valkenburgh and Terwilliger, time, 7:47; Junior fours, Bawbees, of Hillsdale; time, 7:48; Senior fours, Hillsdale; time, 7:02; Bawbees, of Hillsdale; time, 8:38; Tub race, G. T. Muchner, Chicago.

Languor, Its Cause and Remedy.

The cause of languor, when it is not the immediate or indirect consequence of positive disease, is traceable to a debility of temperature. Persons living in a warm, moist climate are peculiarly subject to it. Various causes may give rise to this disposition to active exertion are its characteristics. Sometimes it is accompanied by undue relaxation of the bowels, and by dyspeptic or bilious symptoms. A reliable remedy is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a strengthening and invigorating tonic derived from the purest and most efficacious vegetable sources, with a pure spirituous basis, pronouncedly tonic and invigorating. The Bitters, foremost of American tonics, is in the case of the tropics, where the climate is very productive of debility, malarial fevers, and disorders of the bowels, liver and digestive organs.

No Good Preaching.

No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a law suit well, doctor a patient, or write a newspaper article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See other column.

Ofner Rakoczy Bitter Water is a natural mineral water, bottled at the springs in Hungary, and imported into the United States in large quantities. It contains medicinal properties of a high order, and when taken in doses of a wine-glass full in the morning it will be found highly beneficial in the cure of female diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Habitual Costiveness. For sale by all druggists.

BOGUS CERTIFICATES.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, etc., and puffed up by long bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the best and purest of medicines. See "Truths" and "Proverbs," in another column.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRESCRIPTION FREE

For the speedy cure of Mental Weakness, Loss of Memory, and all disorders connected with the Brain and Nerves. ANY Druggist will supply the medicine, or send it by mail on receipt of the price. Address: W. J. L. & Co., 75 Nassau St., New York.

A CARD.

Those who are suffering from the effects of a cold, or from any other disorder of the throat, or from any other ailment, will find relief in the use of the "Little Doctor's" Cough Syrup. It is a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the best and purest of medicines. See "Truths" and "Proverbs," in another column.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever made. It is a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the best and purest of medicines. See "Truths" and "Proverbs," in another column.

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One of the largest, handsomest and cheapest stocks ever brought to the city. Give us a call.

Mrs. May McGowan

The Original and Leading

HAIR DRESSER AND PRACTICAL WIG MAKER

Of Fort Wayne.

The attention of the ladies of Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana is called to the fact that Mrs. McGowan, at the OLD STAND, No. 23 East Main Street, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hair, is still outstripping all would-be rivals.

Mrs. McGowan's work speaks for itself. She desires, however, to call attention to several important facts:

1st. She imports herself all the novelties and original styles. She does not copy from other dealers.

2nd. She introduced in this city the "Suratona Waves," "Frisettes" and other novelties in hair goods, and is the only person making them.

3rd. She supervises all work herself, employs no gentlemen, guarantees all work, and sells goods at bottom figures.

The leading ladies of Fort Wayne and surrounding towns are her regular customers. A full line of millinery goods always on hand. Shampooing and Hair Dressing done at private houses as well as stores.

Ladies wanting anything in her line should call on or address:

MRS. MAY MCGOWAN, 23 East Main Street.

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GUARANTEE. (For conditions, see pamphlet wrapping title.)

There are many diseases among those diseases in which my Favorite Prescription has worked cures, as (by name, and with a certainty never before attained by any medicine), **Menstrual Disorders, Flowing, Painful, Irregular Periods, Suppressions, when from unnatural causes, Irregularities, Weak Back, Protrusion, or Falling of the Uterus, Anteriorversion and Retroversion, Bearing-down Sensations, Internal Heat, Nervous Depression, Debility, Dependence, Threatened Miscarriage, Chronic Congestion, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Uterus, Impotency, Barrenness, or Sterility, and Female Wounds.** It is a medicine which meets as a "cure-all," but it admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of women. It will not disconcert, nor will it do harm, in any state or condition.

Those who desire further information on this subject, can obtain it in **THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVICE**, a book of over 600 pages, sent, postpaid, on receipt of 10c. It treats minutely and intelligently of all diseases to which women are subject, and gives most valuable advice in reference to the management of those affecting the female system.

Write for it to **DR. J. C. FISK, Dispensary and Apothecary, No. 124 N. 4th Street, St. Louis, Mo.**

The Large Advance

which has taken place in Raw-Material

WOOL, COTTON AND SILK!

all naturally make all goods manufactured of these materials MUCH HIGHER in price than they have been.

Messrs.

Foot & Company

being invested largely before any advance took place, will continue to sell their entire stock of

WOOLEN GOODS!

COTTON GOODS!

SILK GOODS!

all Sept. 1st at OLD PRICES.

Special Bargains

all Departments the next 60 days, to our SUMMER GOODS.

ENADINES! All marked

GANDIES! Down in

WANS! Price to Close

RASOLS! -Out Before

N UMBRELLAS! Sept. 1st.

DIES' SUITS!

CHILDREN'S SUITS!

UR

CARPET

E PARTM'NT

splendid daily with new and choice

of

Y BRUSSELS!

TAPESTRY CARPETS!

CHOICE INGRAINS!

HALL & STAIR CARPETS!

CURTAIN GOODS!

OIL CLOTHS!

MATTINGS!

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

which we will sell UNTIL SEPT. 1st at

the same LOW PRICES as the past season.

withstanding the fact that there has

been a large advance in the cost of the

goods.

Foot & Company

6 and 48 Calhoun Street.

NEW GOODS.

dried Meats, Pickles, Soup,

Cakes, Chocolates, Candies,

Preserved Milk, Apples, Peaches,

Pears, etc., etc.

BOSTON TEA STORE.

REMOVED,

Geo. W. Long, Dentist

is now in new rooms over Mayner &

T's jewelry store, corner of Cal-

houn and Columbia streets, where he

can be found at all hours of the day

and night. Prices in keeping with

times. 5-14*3m.

In order to make room

Fall Goods,

LOUIS WOLF

Will Offer His

entire Stock

OF

SUMMER

SILKS

At the Following Prices:

and 65c Silks down to 50c per yd.

60c Silks down to 60c per yard.

60c Silks down to 65c per yard.

60c Silks down to 75c per yard.

Also what I have left in

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And all kinds of

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than cost. T

and is the best

cheap. These

prices for

WATER WORKS.

A Very Interesting Interview with J. D. Cook.

The Water Works Committee Concludes to Start Anew.

What the Mayor and Councilmen Saw at Tiffin.

AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. COOK. A SENTINEL reporter called upon J. D. Cook this morning when the following interview took place:

Question. Did you write the ordinance introduced by the water works committee last Tuesday night?

Answer. I did not.

Q. Did you dictate it?

A. I did not.

Q. What did you have to do with it?

A. On Tuesday morning I suggested to the committee and the city attorney that an ordinance should be passed at once, so that iron could be advertised for speedily, as it is now advancing. I supposed the ordinance would be brief and in general terms only. I never saw the ordinance that was introduced.

Q. Did you in your report advise the use of either steam or water power?

A. I did not. I said I would recommend the use of the cheapest and most economical power, whatever it might be. That question was left open for future decision. I did not figure on water power because I did not know what it could be obtained for. My estimate covered the cost providing only steam was used.

Q. What action would you advise in the premises?

A. I have no advice to offer. It is not my province to direct the council or the water works board, or to dictate ordinances. It is my duty to carry out their wishes, and to give my opinions when called for. Whether water power or steam power is the more desirable depends entirely upon the price for which the water power can be obtained. When this is learned I am ready to make an estimate.

Mr. Cook further said that, in his opinion, the ordinance should be a brief one, providing for the erection of water works, subject to such modifications as to power, supply, pipe distribution, etc., as a majority of the council should from time to time deem necessary. In the progress of the construction of water works minor changes and alterations are always found necessary, and it is unwise for a council, at the start, to commit itself as to details.

Mr. Cook's statement certainly places in a very unenviable light those councilmen who, on Tuesday night, assured the council that the ordinance was "dictated by Mr. Cook."

BACK FROM TIFFIN.

The mayor, accompanied by Councilmen Vordermark, Fox, Muhler and Baah returned from Tiffin, O., this morning, where they had been to witness the formal opening and test of the Holly water works recently completed. The works are the property of a private company, and they have made a contract with the city to furnish water for 100 hydrants for the sum of \$9,000 per annum, stipulating that \$7,500 shall be paid for each additional hydrant. The works gave good satisfaction at the test, and are run by direct pressure water power. The company say they are running water works to make money, and that they own works at Ottumwa, Ia., and other points, all run by water power, which is the only way they would construct works at all, and would not construct steam works under any consideration, as the expense would break them up within a year.

ANOTHER START.

The water works committee met this morning in consultation with the commissioners and Mr. Cook. After an informal discussion it was decided to report the following ordinance to-night:

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the common council of the city of Fort Wayne, that water works shall be erected for said city, and that said water works shall be located and constructed in accordance with the report of engineer J. D. Cook, which report was received by the common council of said city at its regular meeting on — day of — 1879.

Sec. 2. That for the purpose of furnishing the inhabitants of said city with pure and wholesome water, the supply of water shall be from wells, and either the Spy run or St. Joseph river or both as auxiliary supply, and that the pumping station and appurtenances for said works shall be located on the property owned by the city and known as the city park.

Sec. 3. That the reservoir of said water works shall be located at some point situated in the Seventh ward of the city of Fort Wayne.

BREVITIES.

J. D. Cook is in town.

T. M. Biddle is quite ill.

Supt. Hillegass is on duty again.

Hon. A. P. Edgerton is at Hick-

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Wilson, of Cleveland, is in the

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Hon. J. L. Williams has returned.

The city schools will open in three weeks.

Frank Falter has returned from Hillsdale.

Miss Eliza Madison is visiting at Rome City.

Have your quarter ready when the collector calls.

A lively racket occurred on Miner street, yesterday.

Geo. Pettis's son is still lying in a critical condition.

H. C. Parker has returned from Detroit and Hillsdale.

The thermometer man was shot at sunrise this morning.

New seats are being placed in the central school building.

The firemen washed their hose this morning—the fire hose.

One solitary drunk slept blissfully at the south depot to-day.

All the steamers at the engine house are now in good condition.

The SENTINEL's collector will call to-morrow for your quarters.

The fire department will receive 2000 feet of new hose shortly.

The Anthony Wayne steamer had a heater attached this morning.

Fourteen excursionists from the Hillsdale regatta this morning.

The feast of the assumption was to-day celebrated by the Catholics.

Miss Nellie Angell left for Chicago yesterday, to be absent two weeks.

Have your quarters ready when the collector calls to-morrow or Monday.

Dr. J. W. Young is negotiating for the purchase of a weekly paper in this city.

The Misses Hanna will give a party to-night, at their residence on East Berry street.

The Trinity Lutheran Sunday school will picnic at Rome City on Tuesday next.

The southwest corner of the fifth ward is threatened with devastation by myriads of geese.

The advance on freight to take effect on the 25th of August, is creating considerable bustle among shippers.

Dr. Keller and Fred Hayes have settled their difficulty and dissolved partnership, for a cash consideration.

Geo. J. Bippus, of Huntington, came to the city to-day and placed himself under Dr. von Moschizker's treatment.

Mr. Peter I. Scheid and wife, who have been recruiting at Lancaster, Pa., for the past seven weeks, returned last evening.

Bluffton Banner: Fred Briel, of Fort Wayne, has been in town during the past week buying horses. He pays from \$80 to \$150.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Fisher, of West Berry street, returned from Mackinac, last night. They brought some of the Mackinac weather with them.

Byron Hattersley has sold out his business in Logansport and will return to this city and associate with his father in the plumbing business.

A stuffed man in the court-house yard occasioned considerable merriment. He religiously refused to heed any peremptory orders to "move on."

Constable Westrum's horse was stolen this morning, but was soon returned. Westrum was exceedingly wroth and could scarcely be mollified.

Geo. Cake, the young man recently committed for vagrancy, was released by the mayor, it being shown that he had been arrested under a misapprehension.

Four "rounders" entered a South Calhoun street saloon yesterday afternoon, and on account of their numerousness were summarily bounced by the barkeeper.

Mrs. Alvord, who has been spending the summer at Stamford, Conn., returned yesterday, and is domiciled with her parents, Hon. and Mrs. A. P. Edgerton, on West Berry street.

A very enjoyable time was had by the young folks of the East End at their picnic at the feeder dam, yesterday. Mr. Simons' steamer took the party up, and the ride on the river was much enjoyed.

This morning Justices Ryan and Toucey and Doctors Brueback and Myers sat as a commission of lunacy on Mrs. Lenora Reineke and pronounced her insane. She will be taken to Indianapolis.

Dr. Young says he feels no uneasiness whatever respecting his suit, as he has in his possession certificates from parties who witnessed what he stated, and could prove every word which he said without any trouble whatever.

The Fort Wayne hay fever patients, now shivering at Petoskey, are telegraphing their friends to send up immediately their furs, overcoats and coal stoves. Gwynne Anderson arrived there yesterday and was frost bitten shortly after his arrival.

This being the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, at the Cathedral, this morning, there was a solemn high mass at half past 10 o'clock, very Rev. Father Benoit as celebrant, with Fathers Brammar and Hartnett assisting. Father Hartnett preached an eloquent sermon on "The Assumption of the Mother of God." Father Hartnett has but few

equals in the diocese as a pulpit orator.

P. S. O'Rourke left for Petoskey to-day.

Will Rogers, of Toledo, is in the city.

H. F. France and mother have gone to Toledo.

Dr. Austin is in town. At 12 o'clock a warrant was also around. It is not known whether the two have met yet.

E. F. Baldwin, of the Peoria Journal, is in the city visiting his sister, Mrs. O. D. Hurd. He is accompanied by his father, Stephen Baldwin, who is now eighty years old but is hale and hearty.

The remains of Mrs. John Filcer arrived from Mattoon, Ills., this morning. The funeral is set for 10 a. m. to-morrow, from the cathedral.

The call bearers will be P. B. Hedekin, B. S. O'Connor, James M. Kane, H. C. Gaffie, F. H. Wolke and John G. Noll.

A sad sight was seen at the artesian well this morning, as Pat Conover, a well known newspaper man of this city stepped up, and taking a tin cup in a fit of absent-mindedness, drank some water. The effect was terrific, as the strange liquid hissed and spluttered down his throat, while the steam escaping from his mouth and nostrils almost suffocated him. The unfortunate victim of his own mistake was placed on a dray and hauled down and dumped on the commons. His creditors mourn his loss.

Superintendent Hillegass has licensed the following persons: Sue S. Sinclair, S. B. Burman, Alice M. H. H. Baker, S. G. Vander, Brynthis, Pierce, Albert Schlayer, Mary Roe, Anna Kinnaird, Carrie Johnson, Anna Garvin, Florence Hencil, Kate English, Felicia Grosjean, Mary Lin, Emma Armstrong, Julius Lanferty, M. C. Beach, J. E. Bodine, C. F. Crawford. Six of the above received "A" grade, six "B" grade, seven "C" grade. No "D" grade was given. Total number licensed, 19. Total number examined, 32.

Fred Hayes was arrested last night on affidavit, filed in Ryan's court, by Henry Miller and Bob Rillie, for gambling. He was arrested by Constable Westrum and taken before Ryan, who released him on his own recognizance to appear this morning at 9 o'clock to answer to the charge. Nine o'clock came around as usual, but Fred failed to appear. Another warrant has been issued for him, but it is supposed that he has skipped the town. Westrum is still looking for him, and says if he will come down he will make it pleasant for him. The greatest trouble with Hayes is that he evidently wants to be a gambling man and don't know how, and being loser he kicks.

We have noticed the fact that the signatures of J. H. Bass and Oscar Simmons, the principal owners of the canal property, always figure conspicuously as among the largest subscribers to such public enterprises as the opera house, medical college, etc., and we wonder if they would not be equally reliable if the city desires the use of the canal for power. Has any one ever inquired of these gentlemen what they estimated the value of their water power at. Williams, Hettler & Co., assume that they are very anxious to swindle somebody but we submit if it is not more probable that they will absolutely present the canal to the city if asked to do so. Who knows?

SEEDY SINNERS.

Arraigned Before His Honor This Morning.

What They Had to Say For Themselves.

There is no doubt about the matter but that there was some truth in the statement made by Officer Ryan this morning, that Chas. McDonough was drunk last night.

"Do you plead guilty or not guilty to the charge?"

"No, the truth is simply I was no drunk sur. It was a sunstroke which I had sur, and a pain ferrest my stomach sur, which the same I did take a drop to relieve the pain sur. I wuz a little tight, sur, but never at all wuz I drunk."

"Where do you live?"

"I live in Cleveland. I do, so, and in England or Ireland. An' I'm a good citizen. I am, sur. An' I'll go right back. I will. An' if your honor or will let me go, sur, and I'll give you the blessings of an old man on me bened knees, an' may the good Lord —"

"Well, here, my friend, ain't you getting it on too thick? When are you going back to Cleveland?"

"I'm a goin' right away, sur. Thank you!"

"All right, you're welcome; but you'll have to postpone your trip until after the rain. In the meantime Charlie Munson will accommodate you."

Wm. Shockwell hails from La Gro, Wabash county; is all tore up over a racket between the Courier and the Plaindealer, which so unsettled the mind of William that he thought he was an ice box and wanted to hold two kegs of beer. The effort proved too much for him, and he got laid out, then O'Connell, laid him in. Colerick asked him whether he had anything to offer in aggravation—a pain in his stomach, a sun stroke or any other thrilling idea that would mitigate his offense. William said no, and the mayor stated the difference to be \$7. Wm. bailed out.

Warm baths only 25 cents at the Avenue House barber shop.

GILT-EDGED.

That's What Fort Wayne's Credit is Now.

Offer to Pay Par for All Our Five Percent Bonds.

The SENTINEL is informed that the finance committee of the city council has received a proposition from a New York bank to take the entire amount of city bonds about to be issued, at par, the bonds to bear 5 percent interest. The bank desires a small commission, but this will doubtless be dispensed with and the bonds will be taken at par net. The amount of funding bonds to be issued is \$85,000, and \$100,000 ten percent bonds are to be taken up, thus effecting an annual saving to the city in the matter of interest of \$5,750, considerably more than one-third of the interest on \$300,000 of water works bonds. This shows that the credit of the city is first class.

TEMPERANCE.

Series of Meetings Begun at the Academy.

Haskell, the "Reformed Clown," Makes His Speech.

A series of temperance meetings was begun at the Academy of Music last evening under the auspices of the Reformed Men's Club. The exercises were opened by the singing of the hymn beginning:

All hail the power of Jesus name!

Prayer was then offered by the Rev. A. E. Mahin, of the Wayne Street M. E. Church, and the big card of the evening, Jonathan Haskell, the "reformed circus clown," was introduced.

He gave an interesting account of his career from boyhood to the present time, with graphic pictures of life in the ring as a circus clown which highly delighted the audience. He was for many years a slave to drink and gambling, but through all these years his faithful Christian wife stuck to him and prayed for him, and finally, on the 26th of November, 1876, he was converted, since which time he has devoted his life to the cause of temperance and religion. Mr. Haskell's speech was well received.

This afternoon a woman's temperance meeting is being held at the Academy, conducted by Mrs. Haskell. To-night Mr. Haskell and other speakers will address the audience.

THE RAILROADS.

Engines 60 and 93 are in the Wabash shops for repairs.

Engineer Fenlon, of the Pittsburgh road, is sick at Chicago.

The Pittsburgh pay car will arrive here at about 2:30 p. m. to-morrow.

Engineer Brittingham, of the Wabash, has returned from Petoskey.

Passenger engine No. 55 left the Wabash shops to-day, and No. 89 will leave to-morrow.

Maurice Prendiville, the popular young conductor of the Pittsburgh road, is laying off on account of sickness.

Freight is picking up wonderfully again on the Wabash. Twenty-five trains passed over the road last night from 7 p. m. to 7 a. m.

Engine 47, on the Wabash, broke her hind truck wheels, last night, at Delphos. Patrick Burnes was dispatched there on No. 2, this morning, with new trucks.

Master Mechanic Wilson has made a very important change on the pilots of engines. The pilots are about twelve inches lower down than heretofore, so that in case of any obstruction on the track, the deadwood or bumper will prevent the same from mounting the engine. He is also making some new cylinders with single and double port holes. Mr. Wilson is a thorough mechanic.

It has been reported recently that new stock to the amount of \$1,000,000 has been subscribed for the construction of a branch of the Wabash Railway from Toledo to Detroit. Mr. James F. Joy, of Detroit, who is now identified with the Wabash road, says this is a mistake; that the money was subscribed for the extension of the Wabash road to Chicago, which city it will enter by September 1st.

The Fort Wayne, Jackson and Saginaw Railroad will be sold in a few weeks, and President Loomis has written a letter in which he says it will be bid in by the company, after which the road will be extended from Jackson to Pontiac, where it will connect with the Grand Trunk. The latter company will then run their trains into Chicago via Jackson, Angola, Auburn Junction and the Baltimore and Ohio. Further particulars will be given hereafter.

COLUMBUS, URBANA AND FORT WAYNE.

A party of gentlemen, who are interested in the above named road, which is to run from Hocking Valley through Columbus to Lake Michigan via Fort Wayne, will be in this city to-morrow, and should be well received by our leading citizens. The road will certainly be built to the Indiana line by the Columbus parties, and the South Bend men say they intend to build through Indiana. This road must necessarily run near this city and with a little effort could undoubtedly be got here. It will pay to try. Work has been commenced on the line in Ohio, the first mile has been graded and the first estimate made. By all means let our visitors have a warm reception to-morrow.

Notice to Subscribers.

The collectors for the SENTINEL will call upon all subscribers to-morrow and Monday, for subscriptions due to August 15th.

E. L. COTWELL, General Circulator.

THE COURTS.

CIRCUIT. NEW SUIT.

James F. Morrison vs Eliza Breeze, appeal by defendant from Ryan, Justice.

SUPERIOR. NEW SUITS.

Sila Cane et al. vs John Sowers, note \$100; Joseph Lindman vs Leopold Straus et al. replevin, \$100.

A Card of Thanks.

The German Lutheran Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other states, recently in session in St. Paul's Church of this city, before adjournment passed resolutions of thanks for kind

ness shown to the delegates by the following railroad companies: Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Wabash, W. I. P. & C., Fort Wayne, Muncie & Cincinnati and Grand Rapids & Indiana.

H. G. SAUER, Pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran Church.

National Mutual Aid Association.

We are pleased to announce the arrival in our city of Mr. N. W. Bates, who has opened an office at 12 East Berry street, with Mr. A. C. Greenbaum where he will at all times be found ready to attend to all calls from ladies and gentlemen desirous of becoming members of the National Mutual Aid Association, of Columbus, Ohio. This association is composed of some of the leading representative men of the state, with the Hon. Milton Barnes at its head as president, and with other officials, trustees, etc., as reliable in standing. Charters and bye-laws will be furnished on application at the office. 8,15,1

CITY FEATURES

Must be Seen at Once.

All who desire to be treated by Dr. von Moschizker for Catarrh, Throat, Lung, Chest, Heart Diseases, Deafness and other chronic maladies would do well to call without further delay. Having by special request prolonged his stay in Fort Wayne, all who call at once will be successfully treated by him. Dr. von Moschizker's reputation is now too well established to need any comment as to what he is able to do for those afflicted with above diseases. He has accomplished sufficient during the three months steady practice here and received the endorsement of such reliable citizens that he now feels sure that he has the confidence of the public. Those who may desire references can examine such at his rooms, Aveline House.

J. P. Gaszner, formerly of Seimon & Bro., has opened a news stand at 138 Broadway, in Nastie's block, where can always be found a full line of books, stationery, wall paper, window shades, latest periodicals, dailies, etc. His long experience in this line of business is a guarantee that he will see that his customers are dealt with fairly. 8,15,1

The excursion to Rome City on the 20th, under the auspices of the Salem Reformed Church, promises to be one of the best of the season. A large crowd is expected to attend. 8,15,1

The second annual meeting of the Northern Indiana Association of Universalists will be held at Rome City, from Friday, the 22d, to Sunday, the 24th of August. A number of well-known divines will be present, among them Rev. J. H. Dobson, Rev. N. S. Sage, LL.D., and Rev. M. Croley. Special trains will be run on the Grand Rapids and Indiana, Fort Wayne, Muncie and Cincinnati, El River, Toledo, Delphos and Burlington, and Wabash Railroads, to accommodate those who wish to attend. A basket meeting will be held each afternoon, with services. Those who wish to attend will be well treated, as everything is under the supervision of Rev. Croley. 8,15,1

Just received, a full line of all the new fall shapes of Hats and Bonnets at Noll's, 21 West Main. 8,14,5

CARPETS CARPETS!

S. W. Ellsworth & Co., at 26 East Berry street, are now receiving the largest and most varied assortment of Carpets that have ever been sent to this market. During the past season, everything in the line of carpets was completely sold out, and to-day we can show the cleanest stock of any in the city.

Ingrain carpets are beautiful. Our patterns of Tapestries are far superior to those of last season. Particular attention is called to our Private styles in Body Brussels, all at very